

The role of novel nicotine-containing products on **SARS-CoV-2 infection and COVID-19 progression**

Silvano Gallus, Marco Scala, Giansanto Mosconi, Vittorio Zanini, Carlotta M Jarach, Chiara Stival, Alessandra Lugo Laboratory of Lifestyle Epidemiology, Department of Environmental Health Sciences, Istituto di Ricerche Farmacologiche Mario Negri IRCCS, Milan, Italy

Background

Because of the alleged protective effect of nicotine on SARS-CoV-2 infection, some researchers, whose conflicts of interest with the tobacco industry could not be ruled out, speculated that ecigarettes (e-cig) could lower the risk of SARS-CoV-2 infection



Methods

- We conducted a **systematic review** on the association between novel products and the risk of COVID-19 incidence and progression
- On 7 June 2022 we run our search strings on PubMed/MEDLINE ulletand Embase
- Exposure variables: e-cig and heated tobacco products (HTP) use
- Outcomes: COVID-19 incidence, hospitalization, severity and mortality
- Starting from 422 non-duplicate publications (Figure 1) we found 14 original publications, including:
 - 10 on SARS-CoV-2 infection
 - 4 on hospitalization
 - 3 on severity
 - 1 on mortality



Figure 1: Flow-chart

Results

E-cig use and SARS-CoV-2 infection							
	/			• •		• •	

Author, Year

- Ten studies (Figure 2) provided data on the risk of SARS-**CoV-2 infection** for current/ever **e-cig users vs.** never/non-users
- Studies based on a total of >230.000 individuals with tested or self-reported COVID-19 diagnosis
- All studies but one provided **adjusted estimates** (mostly odds ratios; OR)
- None of the studies found a significant decreased risk of SARS-CoV-2 infection among e-cig users
- Four studies (2 on adults and 2 on youth) found a **significant increased risk** for (exclusive or dual) e-cig users

HTP use and SARS-CoV-2 infection

A couple of cross-sectional studies investigated the association between HTP use and COVID-19 incidence, finding **no significant association**



Figure 2: Forest plot, studies on e-cig use and SARS-CoV-2 infection

E-cig use and COVID-19 progression

- At least three studies showed more frequent and persistent **COVID-19 symptoms** or severity/mortality in e-cig users
- A recent large cohort from the UK did not find **any relationship** between e-cig use and COVID-19 progression among ever smokers

The growing evidence on the role of e-cig on COVID-19 incidence, shows that, if any, e-cig use is associated with an increased risk of SARS-CoV-2 infection when compared to non-use

> E-cig use might increase the risk of severe forms of COVID-19 But the studies on this topic are few and conflicting

No significant association was found in the few studies on the association between HTP use and COVID-19

Conflict of interest: None.

Contact: marco.scala@marionegri.it – silvano.gallus@marionegri.it